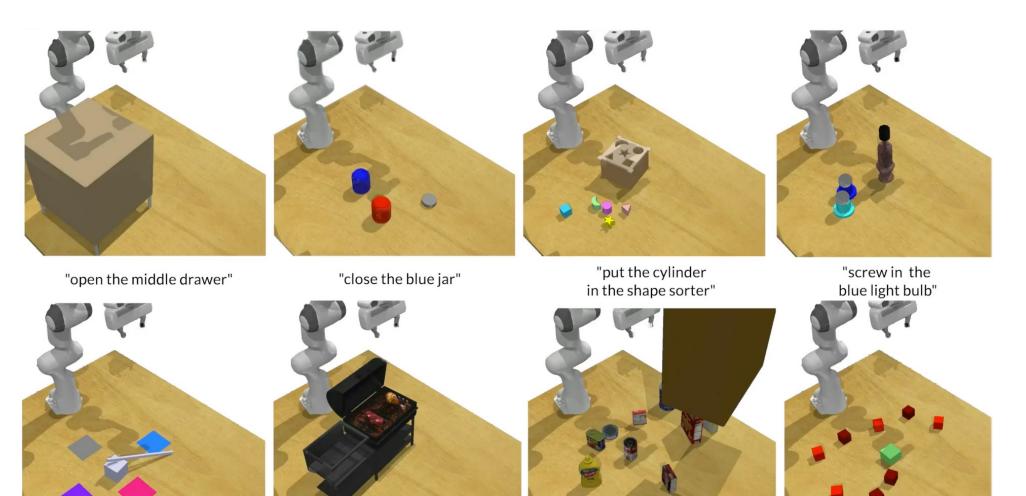
Acting with Perception and Language

Mohit Shridhar



"use the stick to drag the cube onto the gray target"

"take the steak off the grill"

"put the mustard in the cupboard"



So far ...

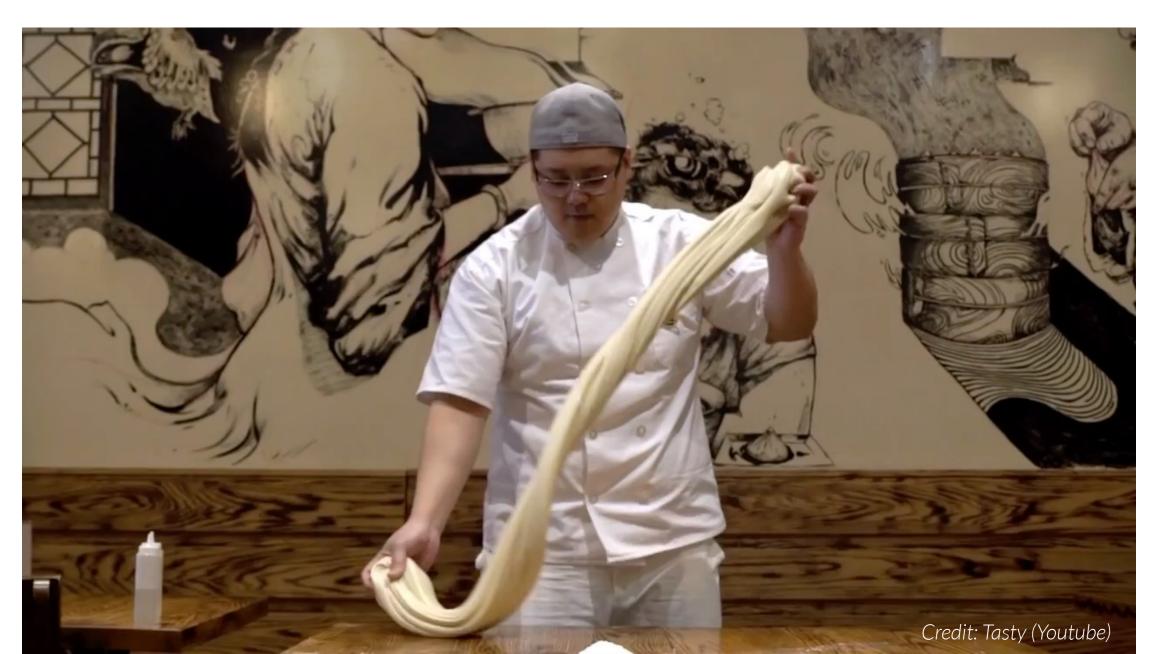




Object Detection

Object Pose Estimation

What are the **objects** here?





David Marr



"Vision is a computational process that transforms the retinal image into an objective representation of 3D shape."



Other Perspectives?



Prof. Lana Lazebnik UIUC



Computer Vision: Looking Back to Look Forward

Svetlana Lazebnik IRIM Short Course Spring 2020

https://slazebni.cs.illinois.edu/spring20

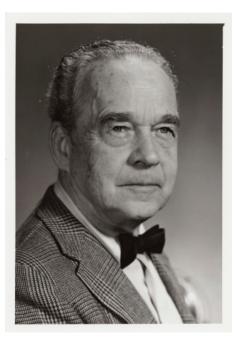
Three Perspectives on Vision

David Marr



"Vision is a computational process that transforms the retinal image into an objective representation of 3D shape."

James Gibson



"There is no computation. There is no retinal image. There are no representations. There is no 3D shape. There is only direct pickup of ecologically relevant variants and invariants. Vision is in the world, not the observer."

Credit: Lana Lazebnik

Affordances

Can I ← tear this?

Can I **stretch** this?

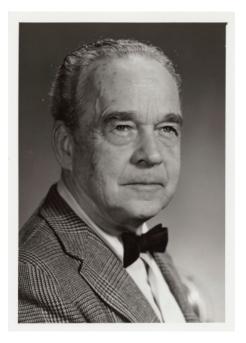
Three Perspectives on Vision

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"Vision is a computational process that transforms the retinal image into an objective representation of 3D shape."

James Gibson



"There is no computation. There is no retinal image. There are no representations. There is no 3D shape. There is only direct pickup of ecologically relevant variants and invariants. Vision is in the world, not the observer." Jan Koenderink



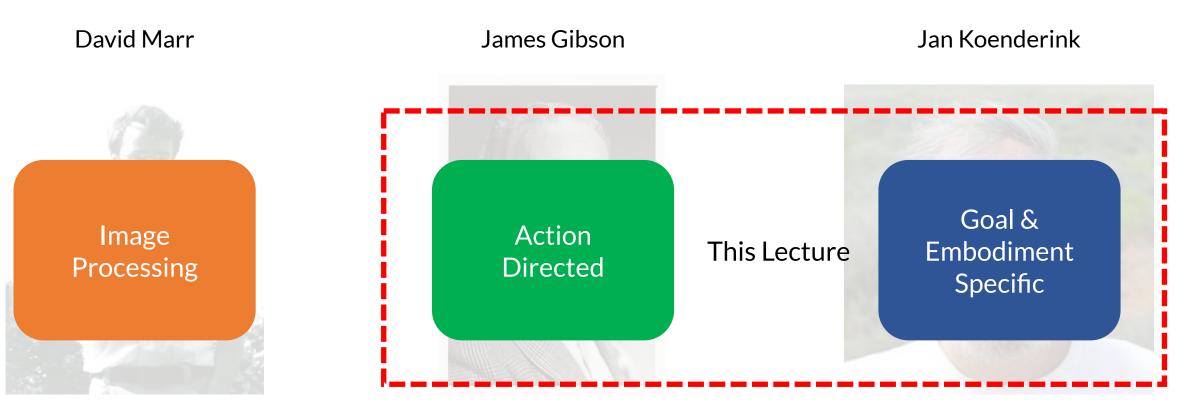
"There is no objective world, only the observer's *umwelt*. Thus, vision cannot be in the world but is a creative act of the observer."

Credit: Lana Lazebnik

Umwelt

An ant has difference experience and goals

Three Perspectives on Vision



"Vision is a computational process that transforms the retinal image into an objective representation of 3D shape." "There is no computation. There is no retinal image. There are no representations. There is no 3D shape. There is only direct pickup of ecologically relevant variants and invariants. Vision is in the world, not the observer." "There is no objective world, only the observer's *umwelt*. Thus, vision cannot be in the world but is a creative act of the observer."

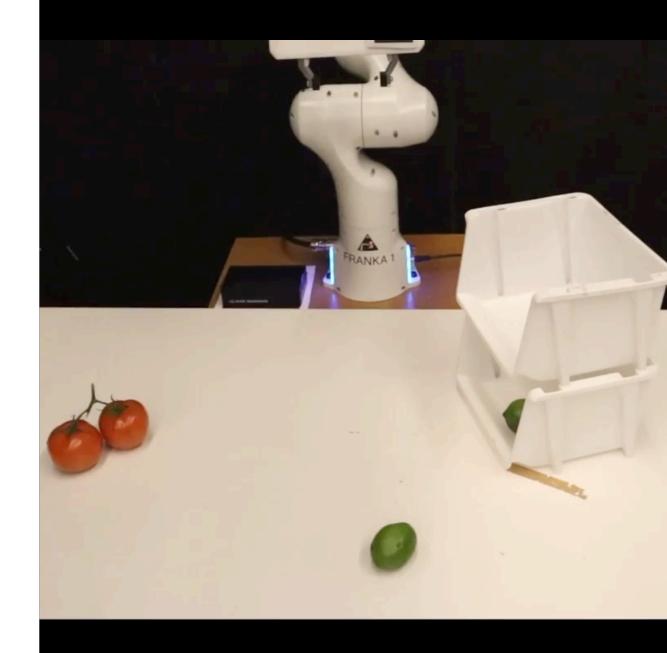
Credit: Lana Lazebnik



Perceiver-Actor: A Multi-Task Transformer for Robotic Manipulation

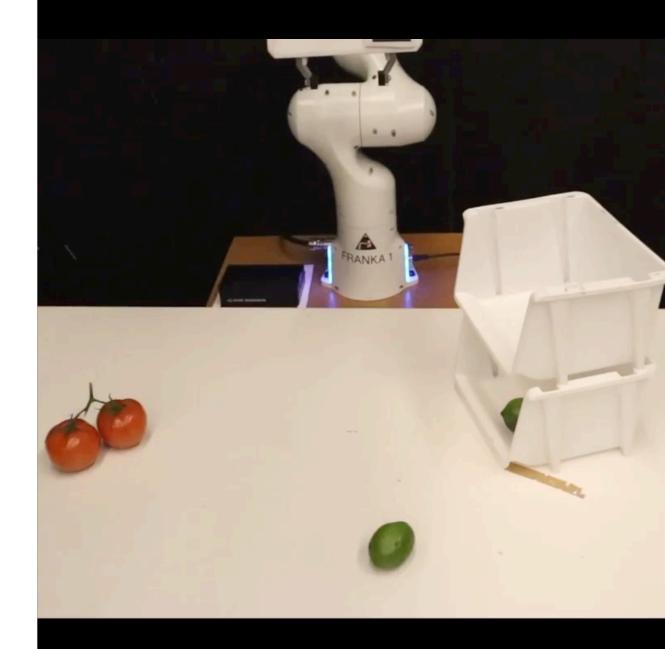
Mohit Shridhar¹, Lucas Manuelli², Dieter Fox^{1, 2} ¹University of Washington, ²NVIDIA

Multi-task 6-DoF manipulation agent



Multi-task 6-DoF manipulation agent

End-to-end few-shot imitation learning

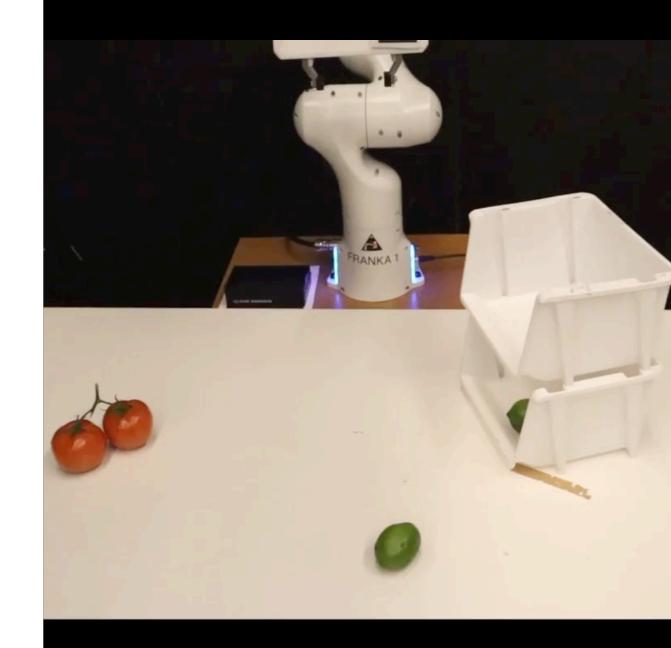


Multi-task 6-DoF manipulation agent

End-to-end few-shot imitation learning

Input: RGB-D Voxels & Language Goal



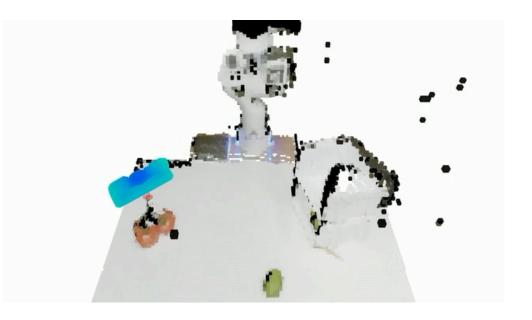


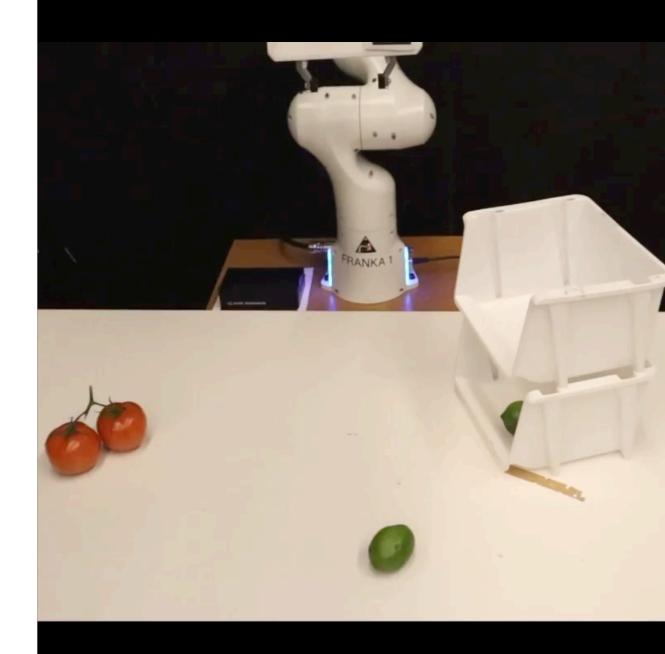
Multi-task 6-DoF manipulation agent

End-to-end few-shot imitation learning

Input: RGB-D Voxels & Language Goal

Output: Discretized 6-DoF action + open/close





Multi-task 6-DoF manipulation agent

End-to-end few-shot imitation learning

Input: RGB-D Voxels & Language Goal

Output: Discretized 6-DoF action + c

detecting actions,

not objects!

action obs Obs Space = Action Space

Multi-task 6-DoF manipulation agent

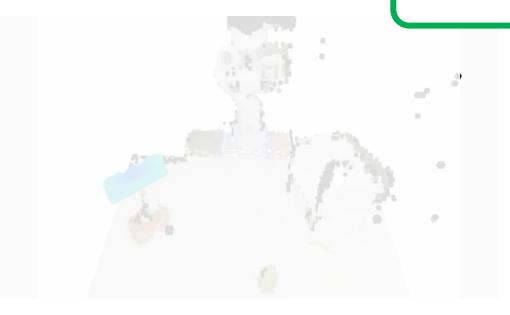
End-to-end few-shot imitation learning

Input: RGB-D Voxels & Language Goa

Output: Discretized 6-DoF action + c

Grounding language in

Obs Space = Action Space



"put the tomatoes in the top bin"

FRANKA *

These results are from a one multi-task Transformer trained *from scratch* with just **53 demos**

"press the hand san"

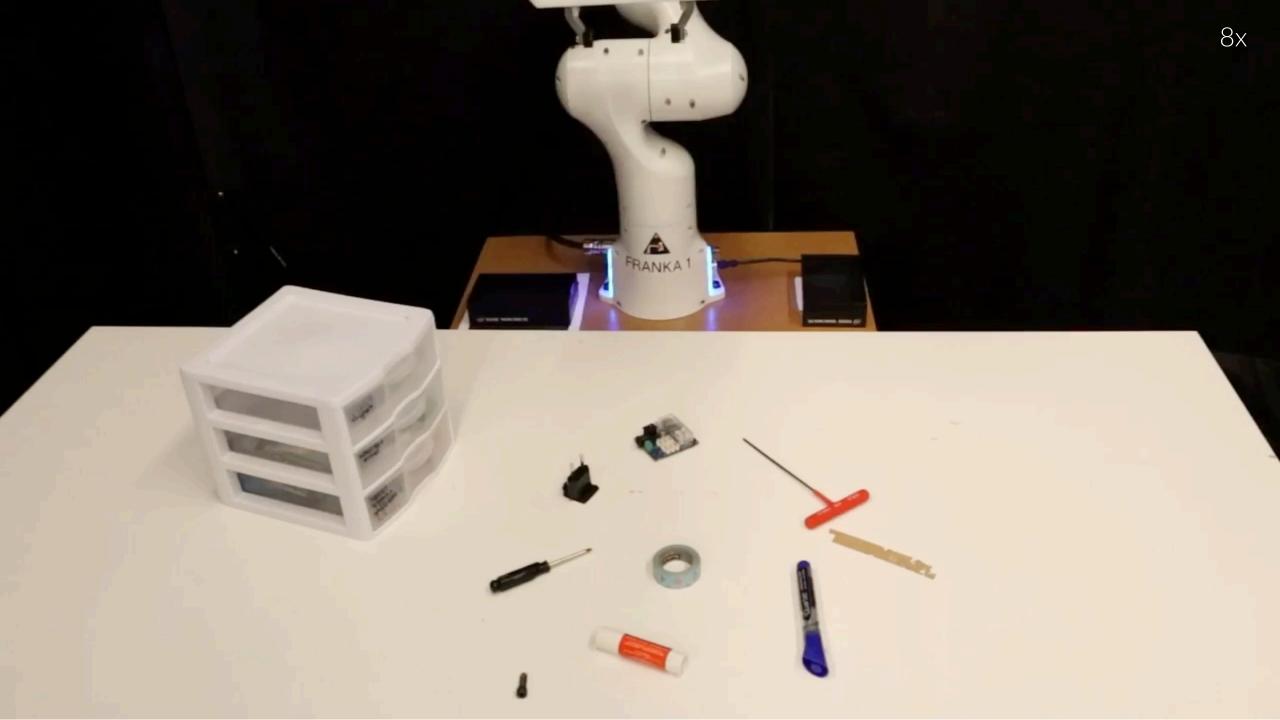
FRANKA 1

"put one lime in the bottom bin"

FRANKA 1

"place the blue whiteboard marker in the mug"

FRANKA 1



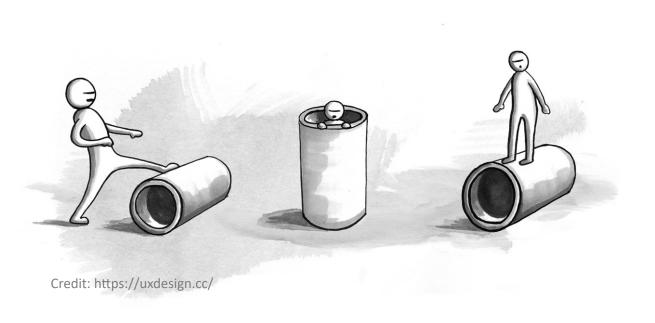
"hit the green ball with the stick"

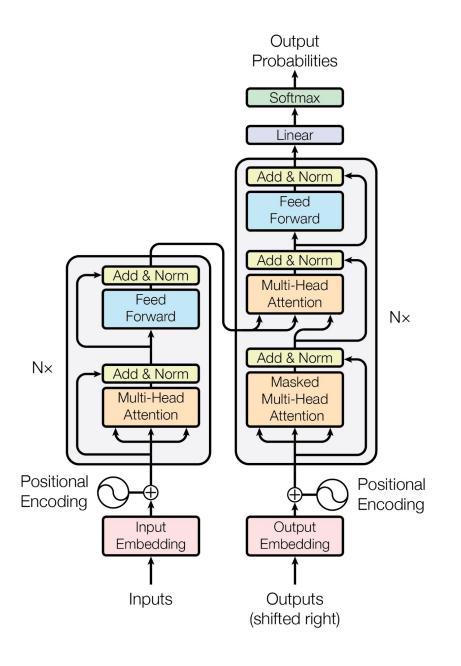
FRANKA 1

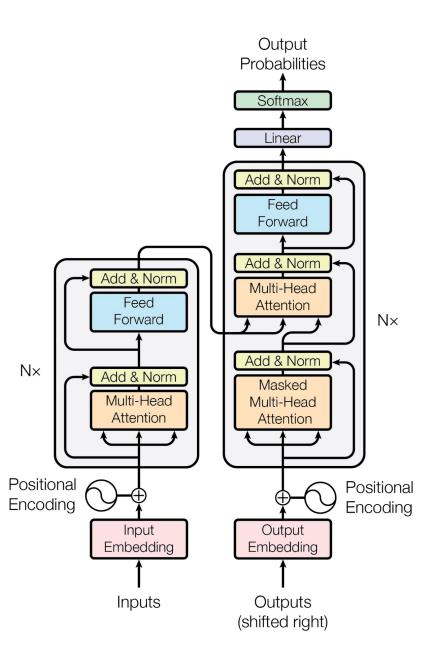
"sweep the beans onto the gray dustpan"

FRANKA 1

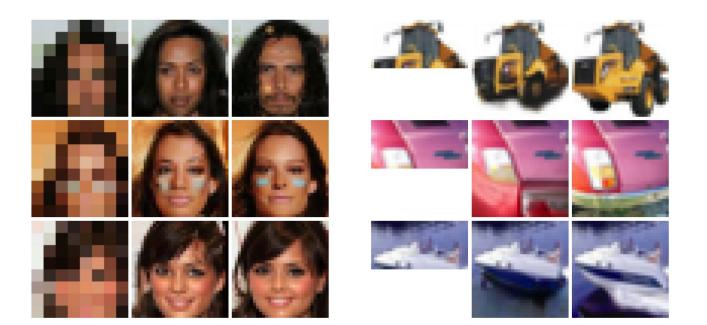
How does it work?







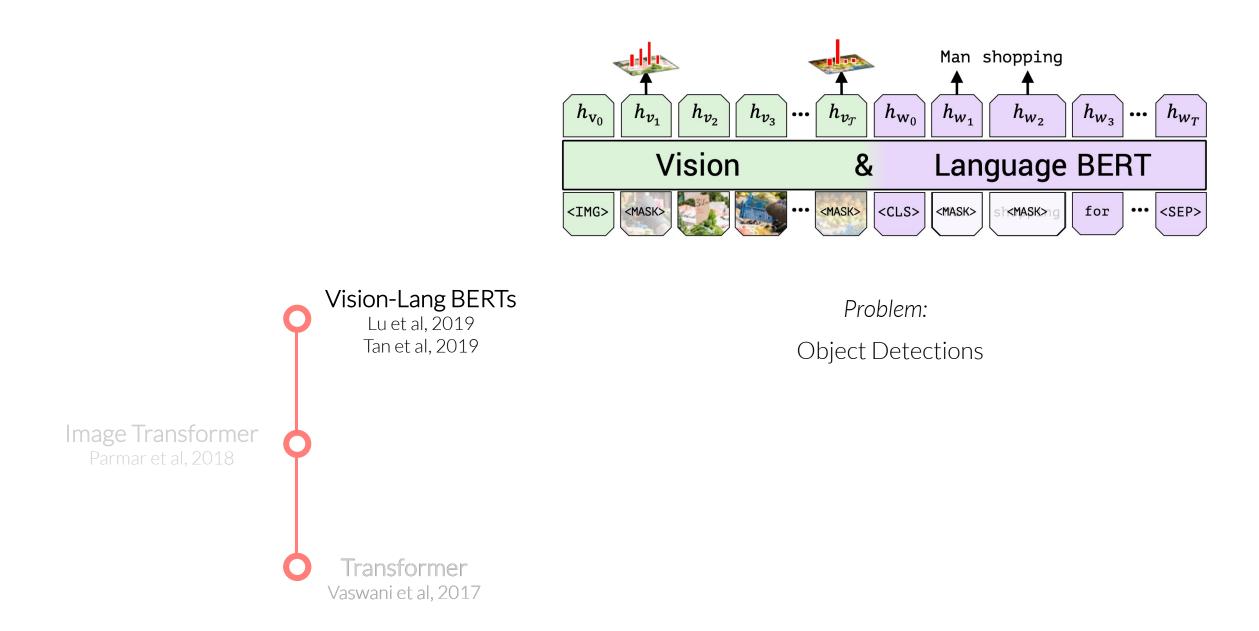


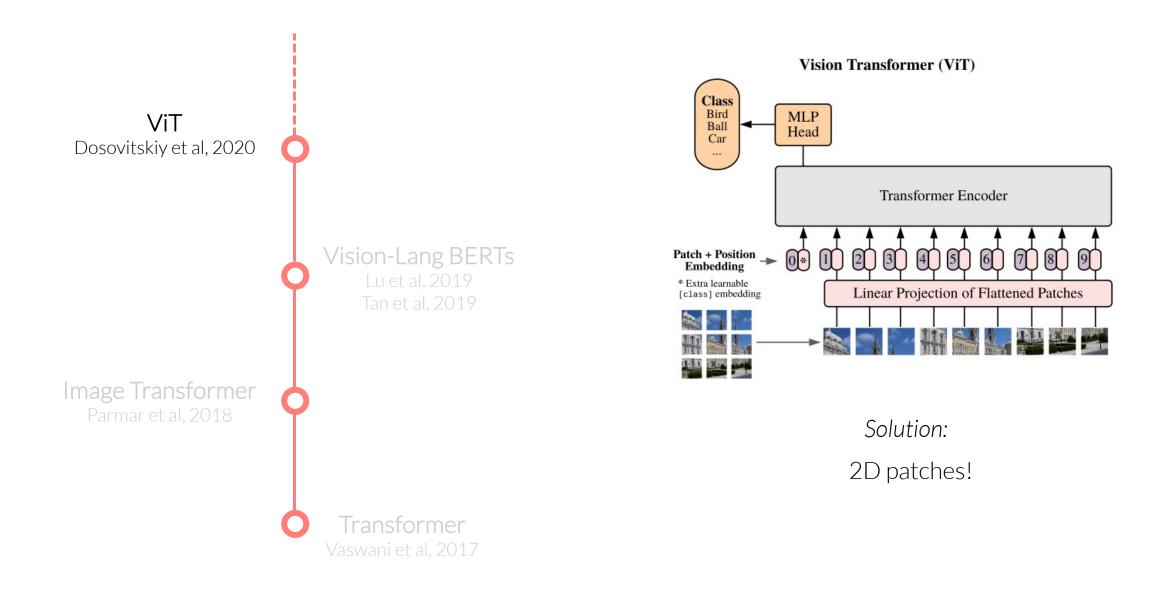


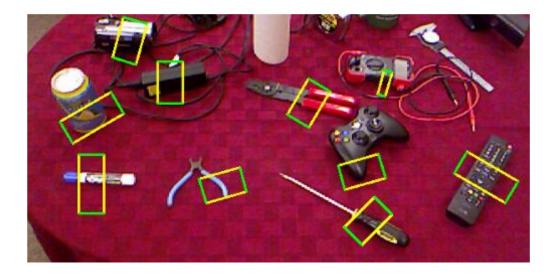




Problem:

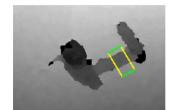




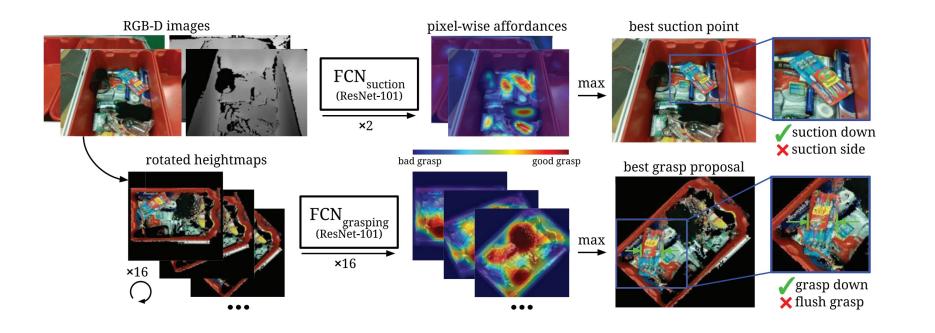














Visual Affordances Zeng et al, 2017 Zeng et al, 2019

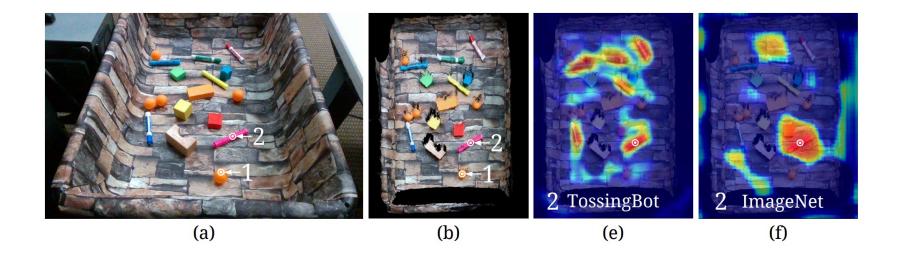




Visual Affordances Zeng et al, 2017 Zeng et al, 2019



Deep Grasping Lenz et al, 2014



Problem:

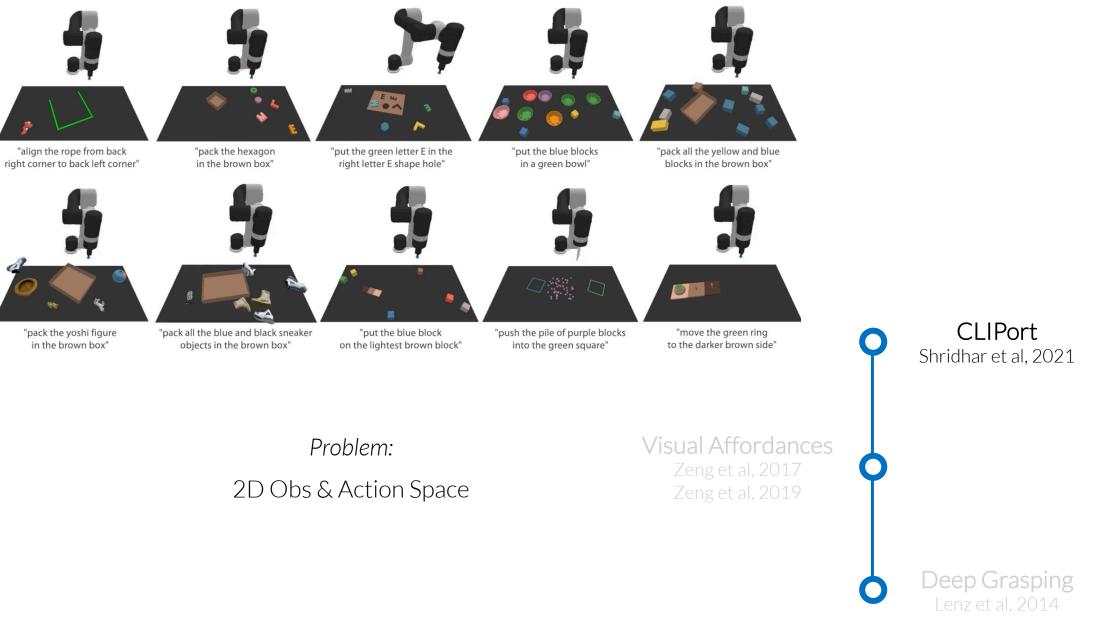
Missing Natural Interface for Goal-Conditioning

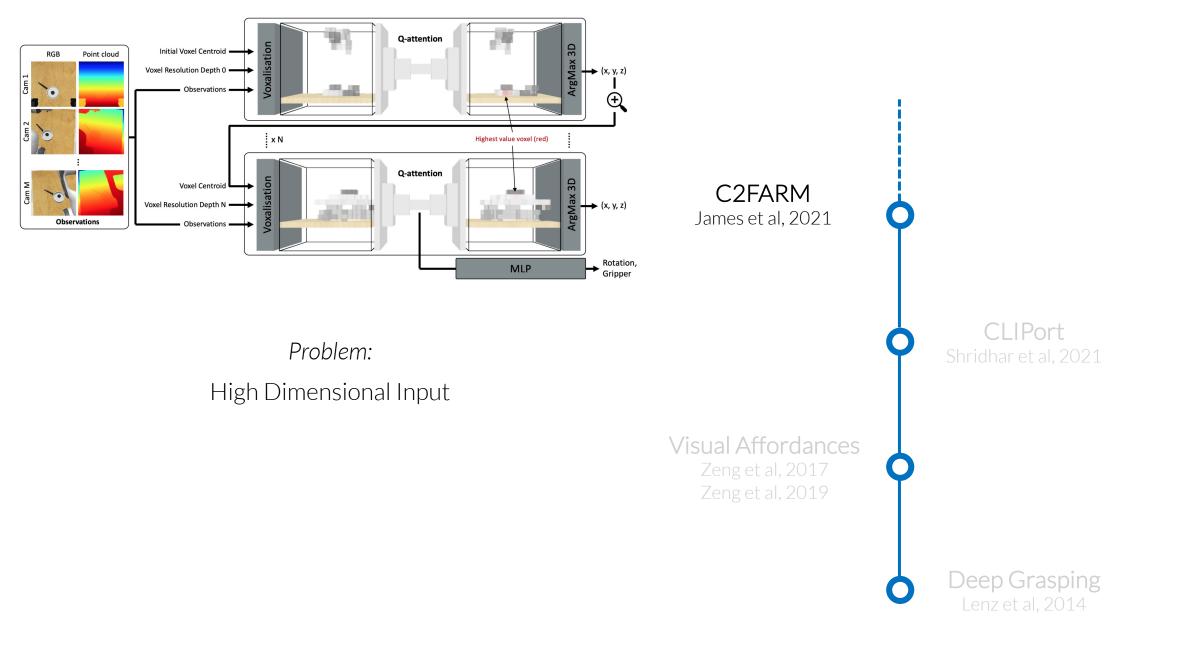
Visual Affordances

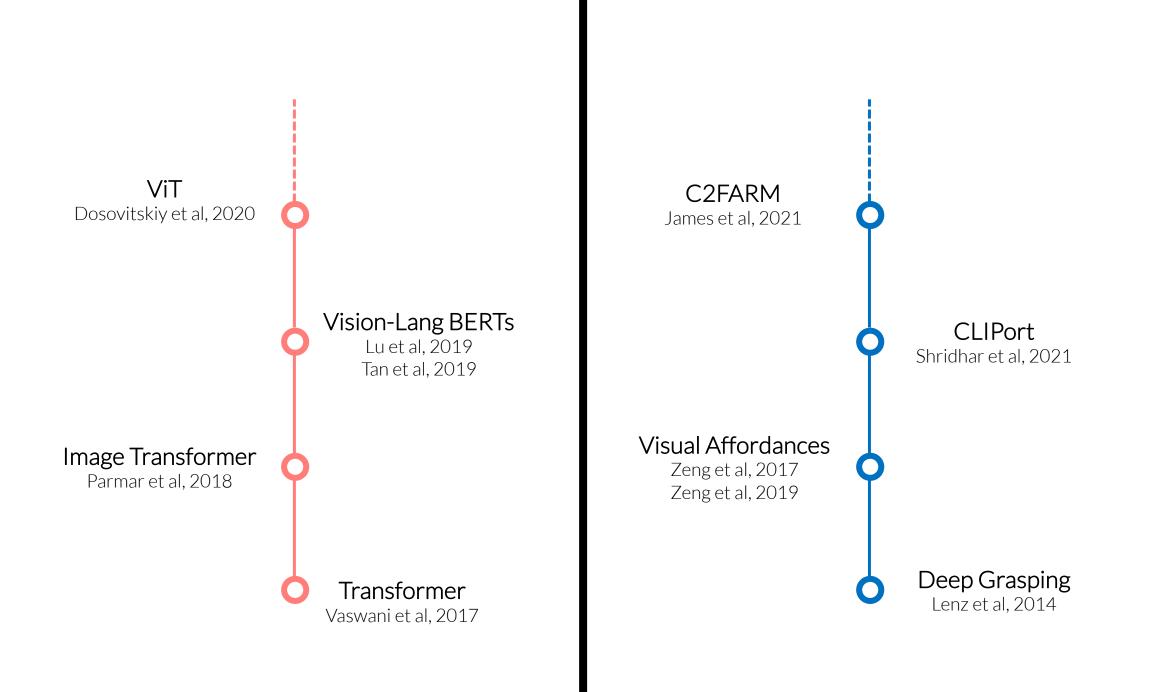
Zeng et al, 2017 Zeng et al, 2019

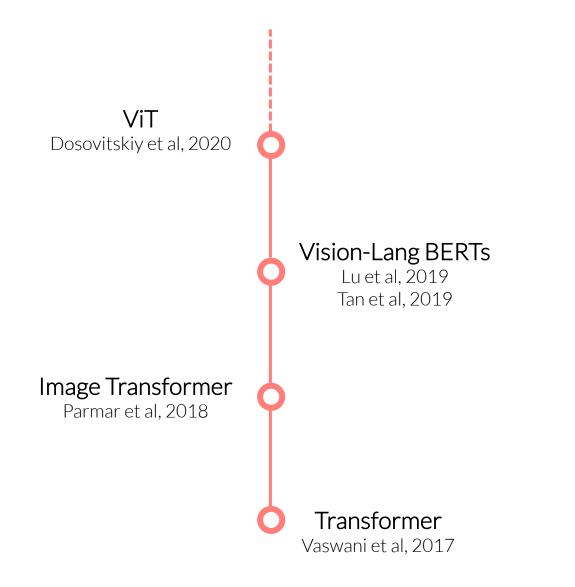


Deep Grasping Lenz et al, 2014









What are the right **tokens** for manipulation?

3D Voxel Patches

Problems with 2D Static Monocular RGB



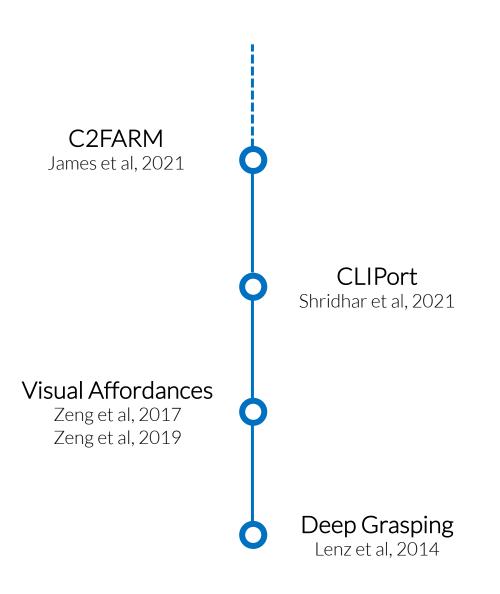
hand-eye coordination depth cues camera perturbations distractors spatial data augmentation?

What are the right **tokens** for manipulation?

3D Voxel Patches

How to deal with **high dimensional** input?

Latent-Space Transformer



ViT Dosovitskiy et al, 2020

How to deal with **high dimensional** input?

ImagLatent-Space Transformer



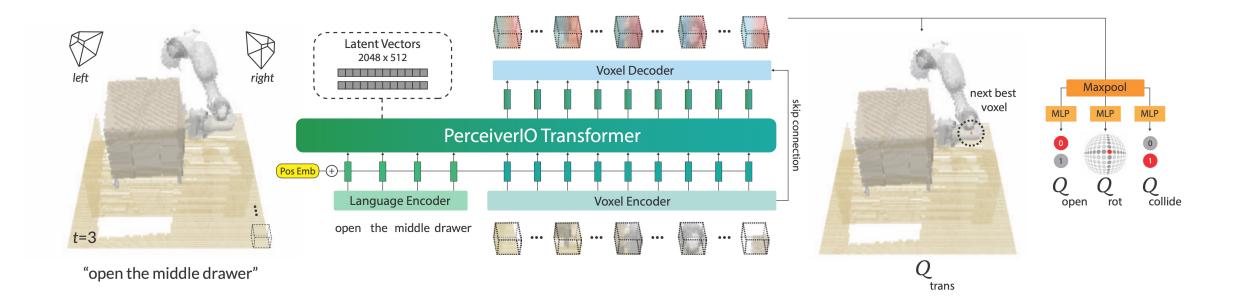


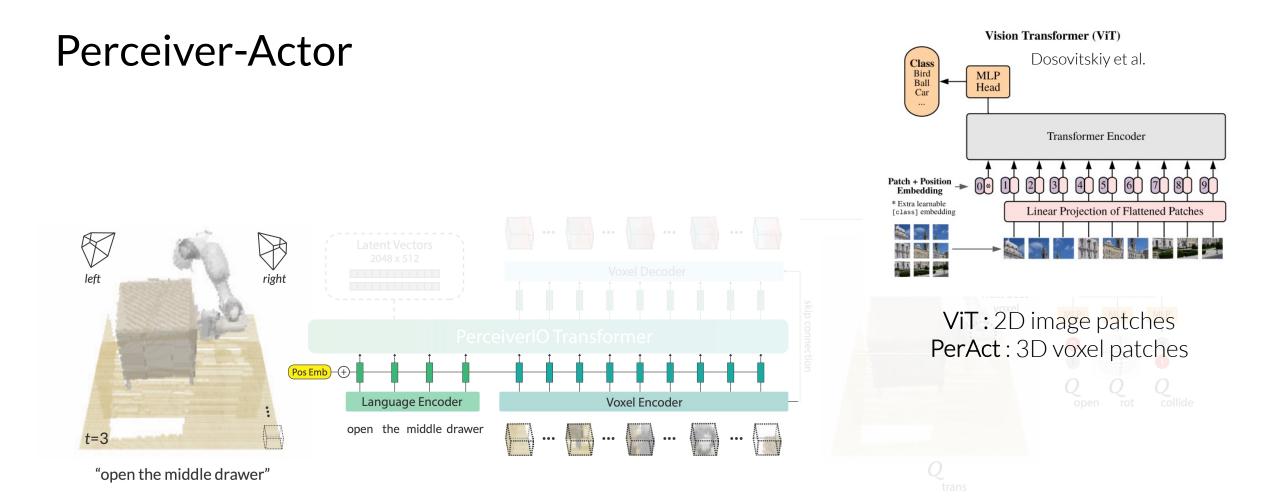
What are the right **tokens** for manipulation?

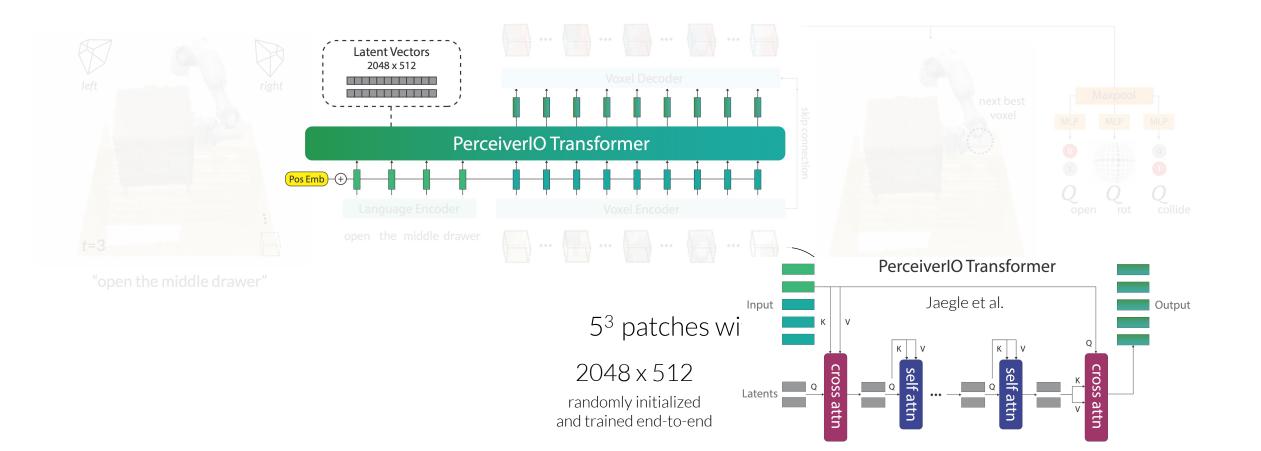
Visual Affordance 3D Voxel Patches Zeng et al. 2017



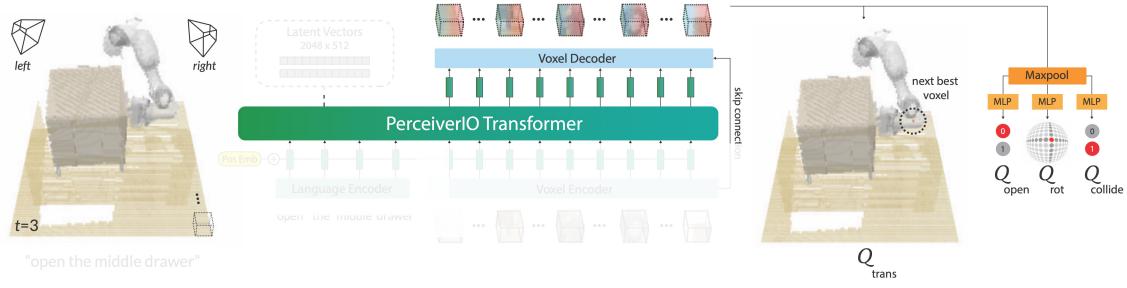
Deep Grasping Lenz et al, 2014

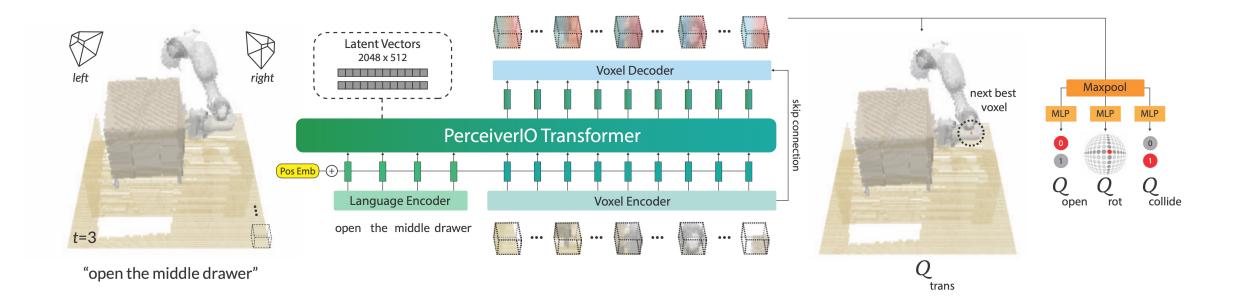




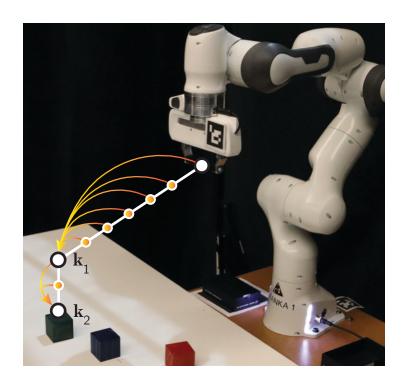


100 x 100 x 100 x 64 features





Dataset Setup



Heuristic for Keyframe Extraction:

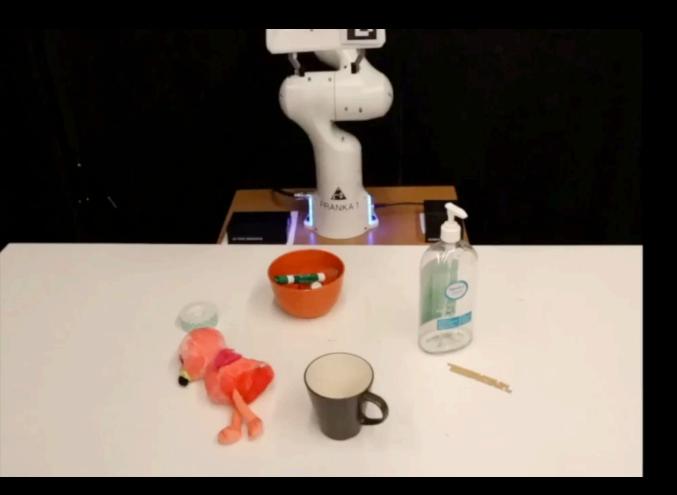
(1) Joint velocities are near zero &

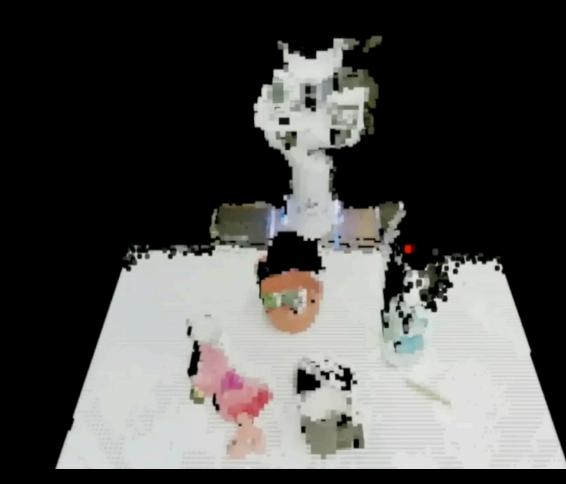
(2) Gripper open state has not changed

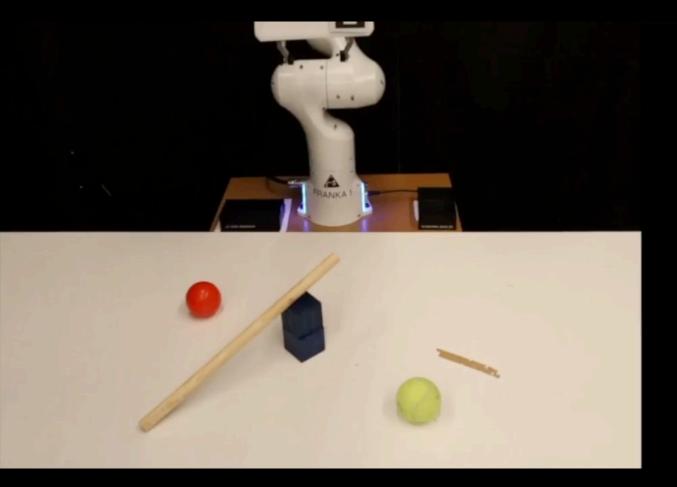
Predict the "next best keyframe action" classification task

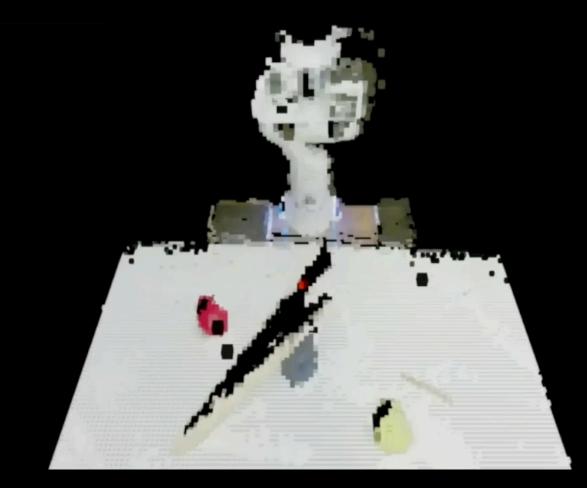
James et al

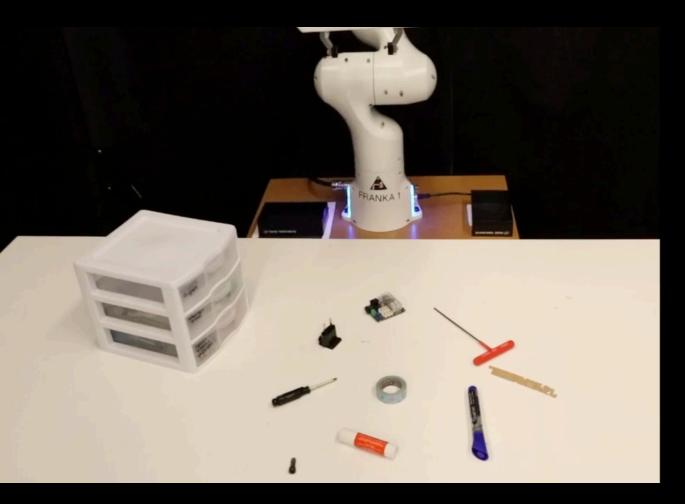


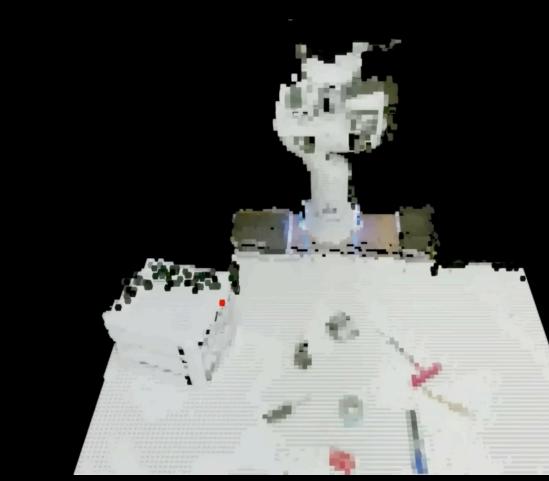












PerAct Takeaways

Multi-task paradigm (from vision & NLP) might also work for robotics

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Multi-task paradigm (from vision & NLP) might also work for robotics

The right problem formulation can make a huge difference for scaling Transformers for robotics

PerAct Takeaways

Multi-task paradigm (from vision & NLP) might also work for robotics

The right problem formulation can make a huge difference for scaling Transformers for robotics

Traditional robotic perception (detecting, pose estimating, grasping) might fallout out of action-centric models





More 2D action detections

from **CLIPort**



"fold the cloth in half"



t=3

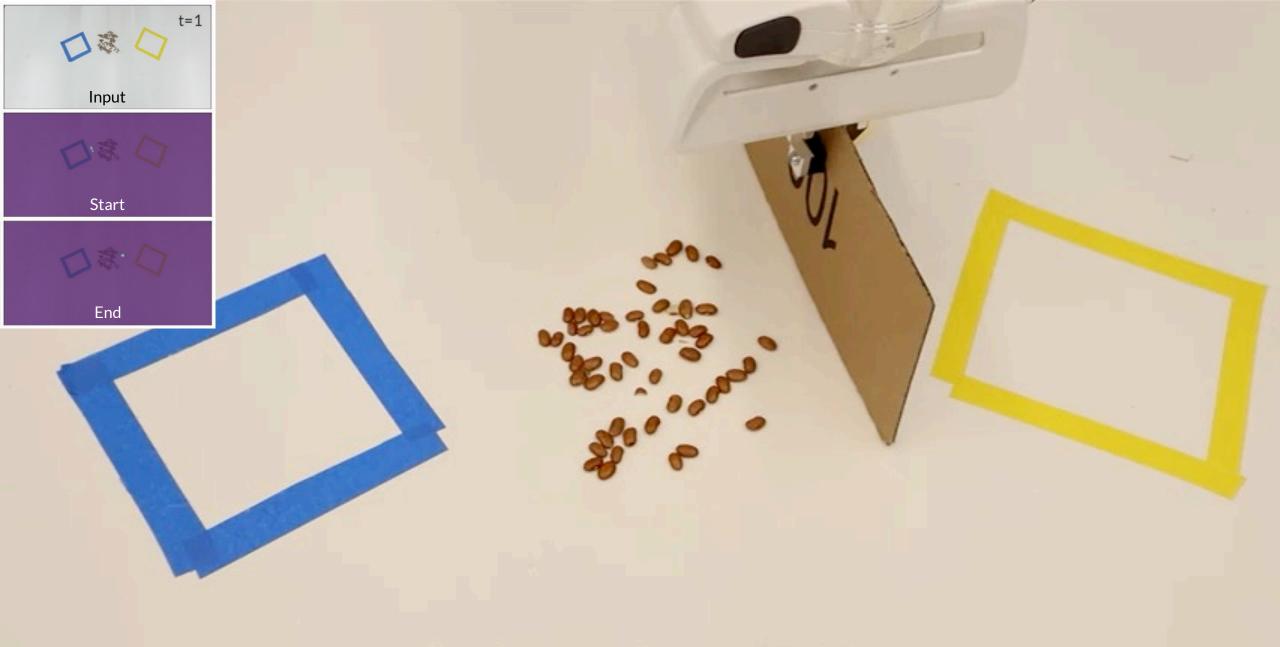
Input







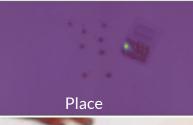
"move the rook one block right"



"sweep the beans into the blue zone"

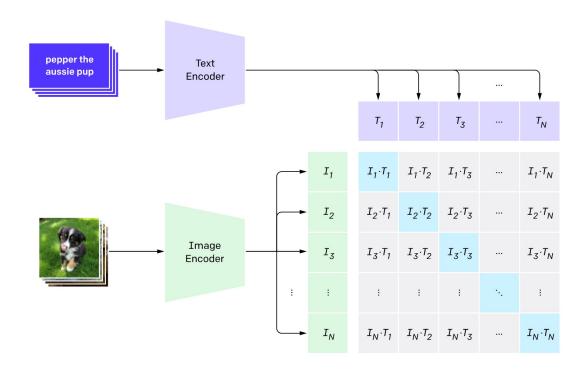




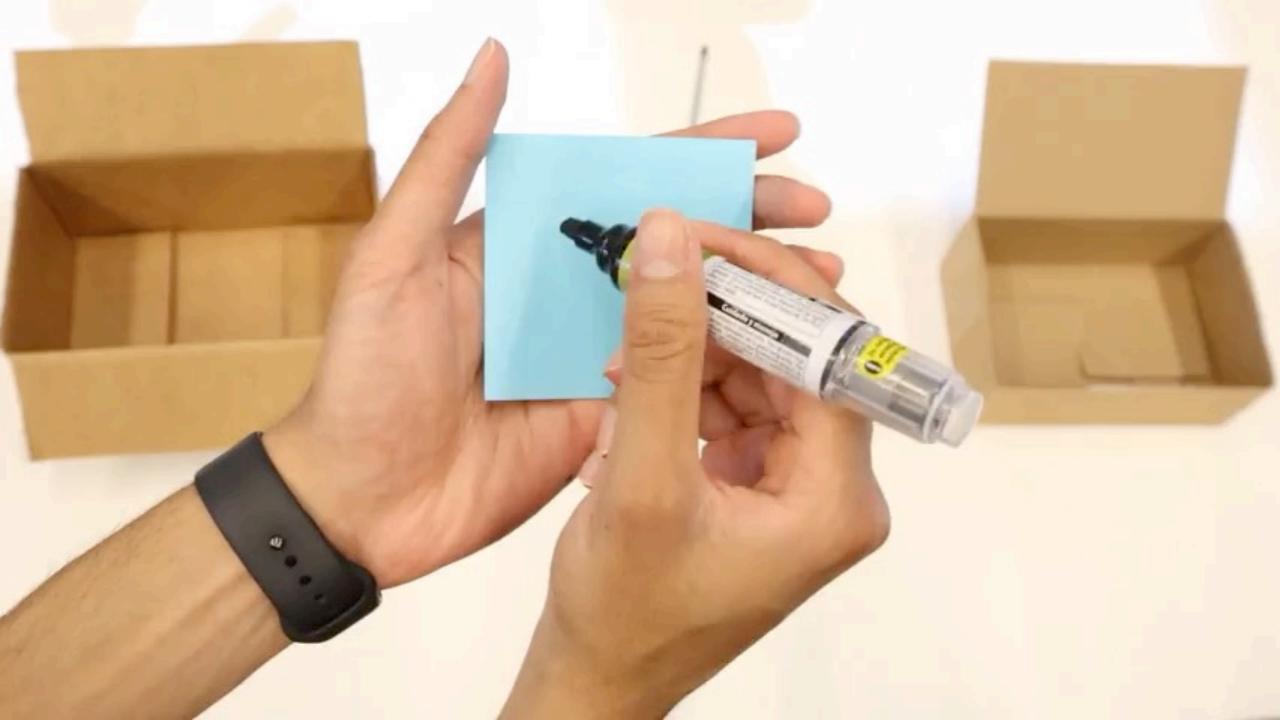




"Vision is a computational process that transforms the retinal image into an objective representation of 3D shape."



Actionless priors (like pretrained CLIP) can speed up learning



Three Perspectives on Vision



process like CLIPs an objective representation of 3D shape."

"There is no con**Action**. There is no retinal image. Ther **Affordances** nutritions. There is no 3D shape. There is only direct pickup of ecologically relevant variants and invariants. Vision is in the world, not the observer." "There is nLanguage vorte, only the observer Goals It. Thus, vision cannot be in the world but is a creative act of the observer."

Credit: Lana Lazebnik



Learning **visual** representations

Learning visual representations of actions

Learning **visual** representations of **actions**

conditioned on language

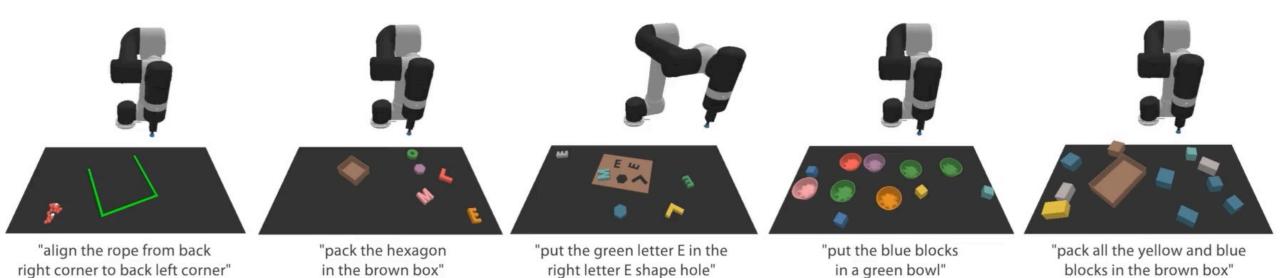


PerAct

Paper, videos, Colab, code: peract.github.io

CLIPort

Paper, videos, code, models: <u>cliport.github.io</u>



Limitations

Hard to extend to dynamic and dexterous manipulation

Struggles with unseen objects

Does not predict task-completion

Struggles with complex spatial relationships

Needs good hand-eye

Scope of language (especially verbs) is mostly limited to the training distribution

What next?



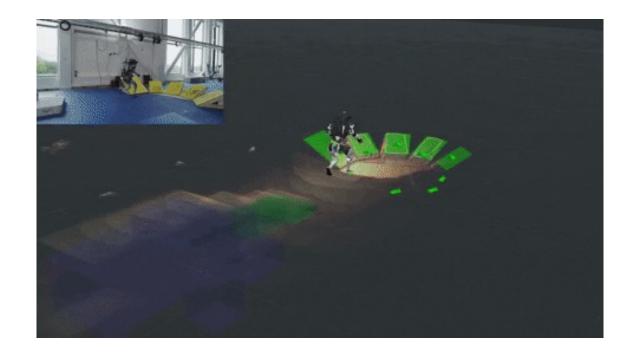
NeRF voxel features?

What next?



NeRF voxel features?

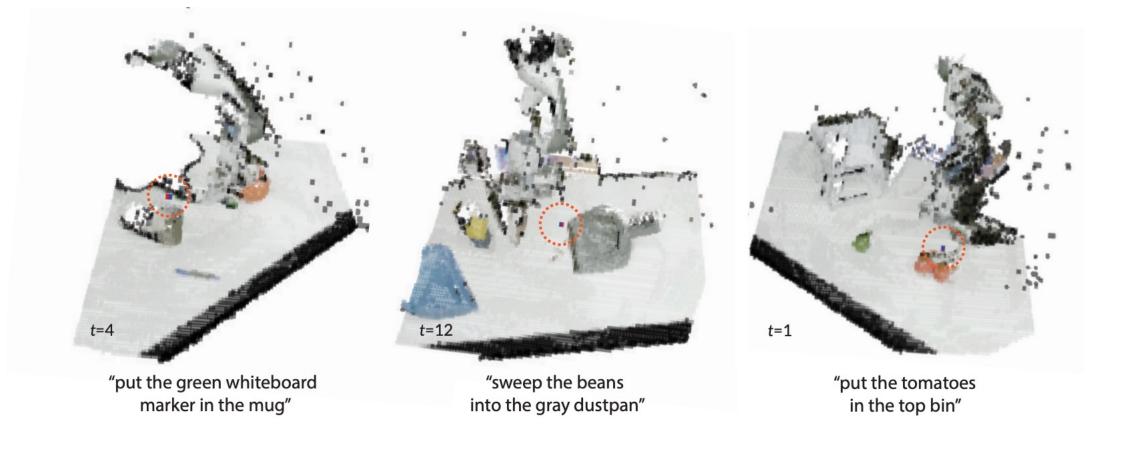
What next?



Detect footprint poses? bimanual grippers poses? finger tips?

Appendix

Data Augmentation



Data Augmentation





Figure 9. Data Augmentation: SE(2) transform applied to RGB-D input. The left image shows the original input, and the right image shows the transformed input along with expert T_{pick} (red) and T_{place} (green) actions.

Perturbation Tests

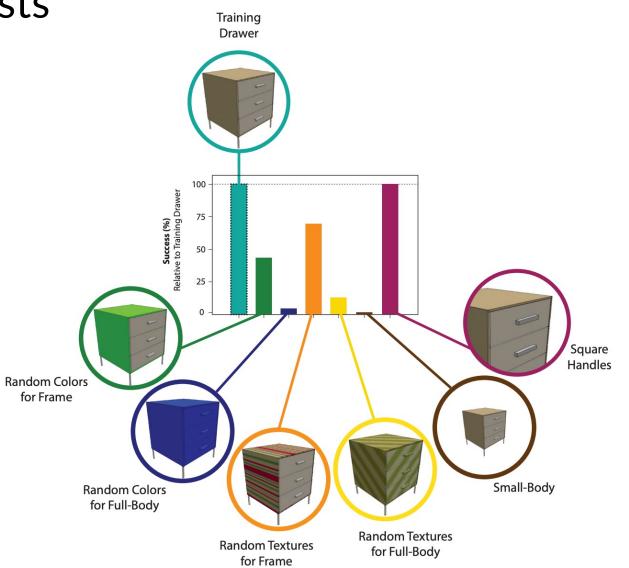
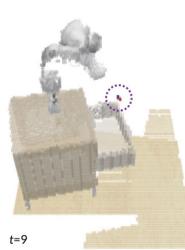


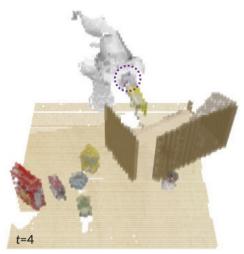
Figure 11. Perturbation Tests. Results from a multi-task PERACT agent trained on a single drawer and evaluated on several instances perturbed drawers. Each perturbation consists of 25 evaluation episodes, and reported successes are relative to the training drawer.

More Affordances

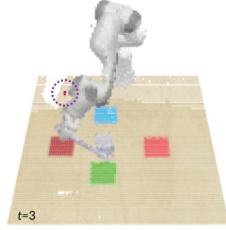
• Q-Prediction • Expert Action



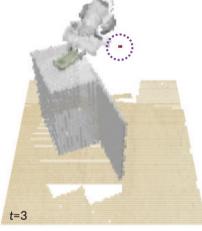
"put the item in the middle drawer"



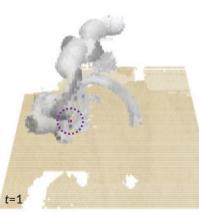
"put the sugar in the cupboard"



"use the stick to drag the cube onto the blue target"

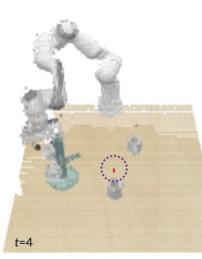


"put the money away in the safe on the top shelf"

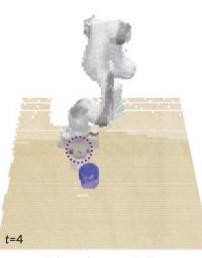


"turn right tap"

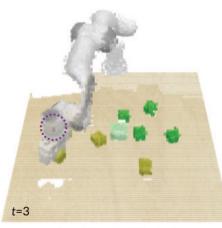
.



"place 3 mugs on the cup holder"

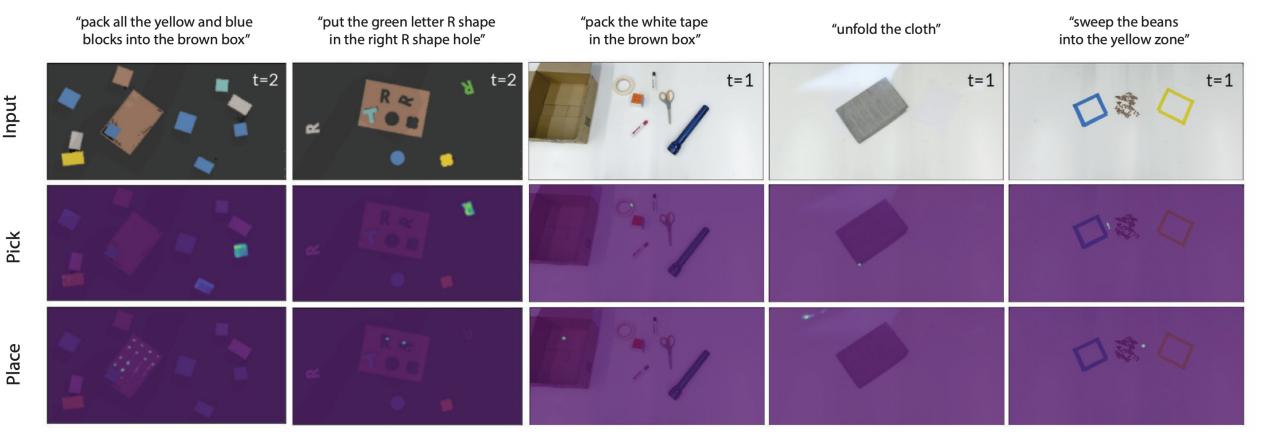


"close the gray jar"



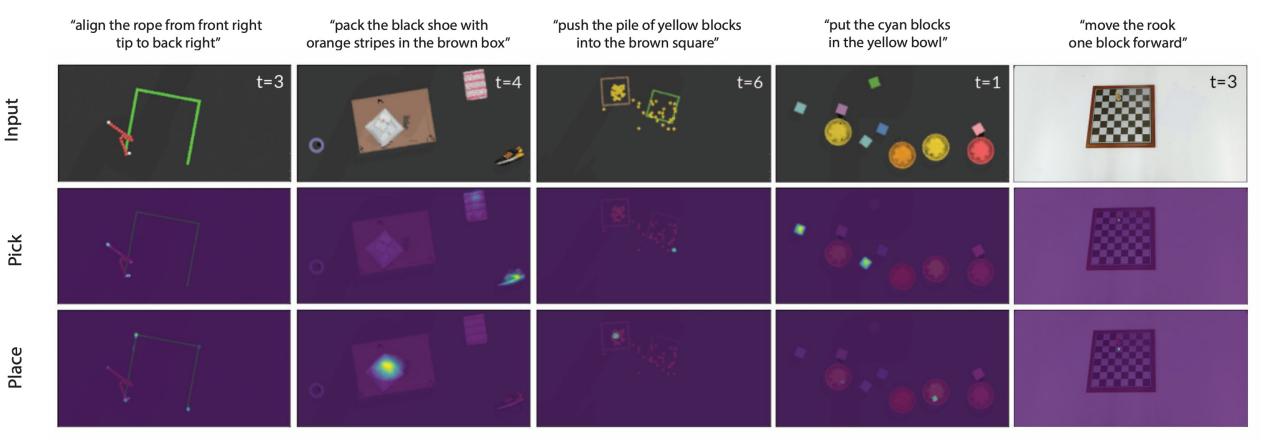
"stack 2 olive blocks"

More Affordances



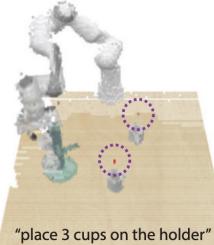
Input

More Affordances



Multi Modal Actions





"pack all the yellow and blue blocks into the brown box"

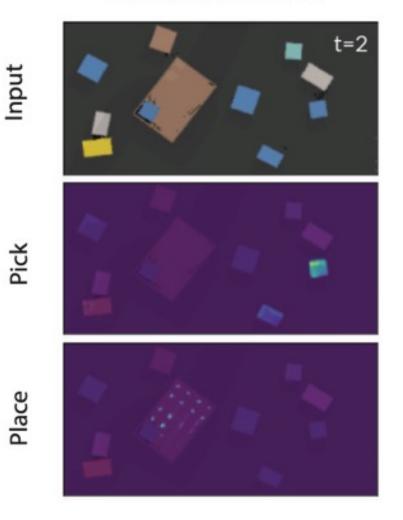


Figure 13. Examples of Multi-Modal Predictions.